

PGT-M Update - Igenomix clinical results

PGT-M prevents the transmission of single gene disorders to offspring. This test is for couples with a family history or known carrier status of monogenic diseases such as cystic fibrosis, fragile X syndrome or Huntington's, among others.

IGENOMIX DATA

Cycles

>9,000

Couples

>7,000

Single gene
disorders
analyzed

>1,000

Embryos
analyzed with
PGT-M

>56,000



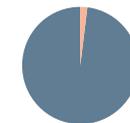
>99%



PGT-M can be performed for >99% of inherited single gene disorders



>98%



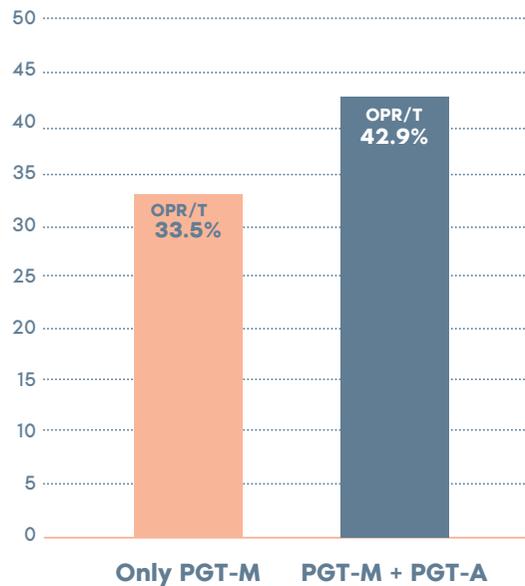
PGT-M identifies affected and unaffected embryos with >98% accuracy

PGT-A and PGT-M can be performed on the same sample

Indications

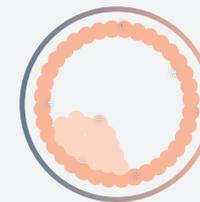
- Monogenic disease +
- Advanced maternal age
- Recurrent miscarriage
- Repeated implantation failure
- Severe male factor
- Previous pregnancy with trisomy
- Abnormal karyotype (X0, XXX, XXY, XYY)
- Translocations and inversions analyzed only by aCGH (comparative genomic hybridization)

ADVANTAGES OF PERFORMING PGT-M WITH PGT-A

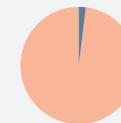


50% of normal embryos for single gene disorders are affected by chromosomal abnormalities¹

OPR/T: Ongoing Pregnancy Rate/Transfer



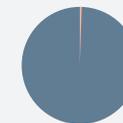
<5%



NON-INFORMATIVE EMBRYOS



<1%



NON-ACCEPTED CASES (DUE CLINICAL AND/OR DIAGNOSTIC REASONS)